

Let's Teach big

The concepts of **BIG** and little/small are often taught and understood earlier in development. It may be best to introduce the word **BIG** in the context of things that the learner cares about. For example, if he/she really enjoys going down slides, find a **BIG** one and little one. If he/she likes playing with balls, find **BIG** ones and little ones. If eating is a preferred activity, you can find lots of different sized snacks and treats because they make tons of things in “mini” varieties these days. When might **BIG** have meaning for the learner, start there.



FIND

Find the word in the vocabulary. **BIG** is an adjective. If you can't find **BIG**, use the Word Finder feature to learn where it is. If it is not in the vocabulary, you may want to add it.



WordPower

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INTRODUCE

Use **BIG** in context and try to explain it at the learner's level. Modeling, touching the word in the vocabulary as you say it, may help. Here's an example: "Some things are **BIG** (stretch arms out) and some things are small (bring arms together). (Using items the learner likes, compare contrast **BIG** and little things)."



MODEL

Model the word throughout the day, touching **BIG** in the vocabulary anytime you say it.

"Thanks for being a **BIG** boy/girl."

"That is a **BIG** deal."

"You are a **BIG** brother/sister."

"Do you want the **BIG** one or little one?" "That is really **BIG**!"



ENCOURAGE

Create activities to provide lots of models and practice with **BIG**.

Book: The Little Mouse, the Red Ripe Strawberry, and the **BIG** Hungry Bear by Don Wood

Activity: group things by size. Let learner choose if he/she wants to choose a **BIG** thing or little thing.

Game: have a **BIG** thing scavenger hunt.



EXPECT

Create opportunities for the learner to say the word. Make sure to wait and look at them so they know it is expected.

- Have 2 sizes of the same snack (e.g., mini M&Ms and regular M&Ms); ask if the learner wants little or **BIG** ones.
- Read Goldilocks. Have the learner help retell the story "It is small/little" and "It is **BIG**."
- Do a Predictable Chart writing activity using "_____ is **BIG**."

